CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION REPORT COLLINSVILLE WATER ASSOCIATION

PWS ID # ('s): 0380002

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please	e Answer the Fo	ollowing Questions Regarding the C	onsumer Confidence Report					
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)							
	ū	Advertisement in local paper						
		On water bills						
		Other						
	Date custome	rs were informed:						
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:							
	Date	mailed/distributed:						
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR and proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: MERIDIAN STAR Date Published: 06-15-2011							
	Date 1	Published: 06-15-20	<u>/</u>					
	CCR was post	ted in public places. (Attach list of lo	cations)					
	Date 1	posted:						
	CCR was post	ed on a publicly accessible internet s	te at the address: www:					
<u>CERT</u>	IFICATION:							
system correct Missis	in the form and and is consiste sippi State Depa	I manner identified above. I further c nt with the water quality monitoring artment of Health, Bureau of Public V						
\underline{y}	. Naglas	MANAGER	06-17-11 Date					
Name/Fit	le (President, Mayer,	Owner, etc.)	Date					
This C	onsumer Confid	lence Report (CCR) was completed b	y MS Cross Connection, LLC with information provided by					
the abo	ove Public Wate	r System and is certified only to be a	s true & correct as the information provided.					
S	usas P	Doyllo						
Signature		δ	Date					

Mail completed form along with a copy of your CCR Report(s) before JULY 1, 2011 to:

MS State Department of Health Division of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF LAUDERDALE CITY OF MERIDIAN

I, Susan Blede Clerk of The Meridian Star, a newspaper published daily at
Meridian, Mississippi, do solemnly swear that a copy of this notice, as per clipping attached, was
published once a week for weeks in the regular and entire issue of said newspaper, and not in
any supplement thereof, to-wit:
in the issue dated , 20 , and in the issue dated , 20 , and
in the issue dated, 20
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the 15 day of
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the 15 day of Tune , 2011
NOTARY PUBLIC 1026 10970 Commission Expires Society 13, 2012
Notary Public
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Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Collinsville Water Association PWS 1D #0380002

June, 2011

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of four wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for Collinsville Water Association received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ronnie Dallas at 601-626-8138. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Thursday of each month at the Collinsville Water Association office at 3:30 p.m.

Collinsville Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
norganic Co	ntamina	nts						
10. Barium	N		0.07	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	0.2	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N		0.79 - 0.96	None	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfectan	ts & Disi	nfection 1	By-Produ	cts				
Chlorine (as C12)			0.94 to - 1.00	None	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes

*Most recent sample result available

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the COLLINSVILLE WATER ASSOCIATION is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year that average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7 to 1.3 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 100%.

Additional Information for Lead

Additional information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Collinsville Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing components. your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississisppi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.